

# M CHOUDHURY & CO.

Chartered Accountants

162 Jodhpur Park,  
Kolkata - 700 068

Email:  
emcee\_162@hotmail.com

(033)

2429-2417

## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Members of Anjaney Minerals Limited

### Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

#### Opinion

We have audited the accompanying Financial Statements of **Anjaney Minerals Limited** ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31 March, 2022, the Statement of Profit and Loss, the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "the Financial Statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Financial Statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31 March 2022, the loss, changes in equity and the cash flows for the year then ended.

#### Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the Financial Statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the *Code of Ethics* issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI") together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the Financial Statements under the relevant provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on the Financial Statements.

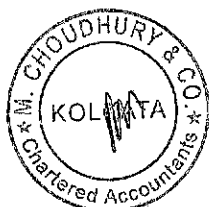
#### Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Board's Report including Annexures to Board's Report, but does not include the Financial Statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the Financial Statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Financial Statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the Financial Statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.



### **Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements**

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of the Financial Statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act, read with relevant rules issued there under.

This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Financial Statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Financial Statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

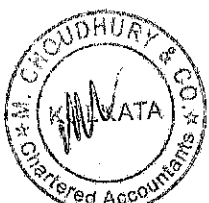
The Board of Directors is also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

### **Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Financial Statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Financial Statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's



report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

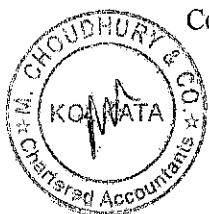
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the Financial Statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Financial Statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

### **Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements**

1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ('the Order'), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of Section 143 of the Act, we give in the "Annexure - A" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
2. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
  - (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of our audit;
  - (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books;
  - (c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss, the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flows dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account;
  - (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid Financial Statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with relevant rules issued thereunder;
  - (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors and taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31 March, 2022 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act;
  - (f) This report does not contain a statement on the adequacy of the Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, since, as per Notification No. G.S.R. 583(E) dated 13.06.2017 read with General Circular No. 08/2017, reporting under section 143(3)(i) of the Act is not applicable to the Company;
  - (g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
    - i. The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position;
    - ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses;
    - iii. There were no amounts required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.



iv. (a) The Management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in the notes to the accounts, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entity(ies) ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;

(b) The Management has represented, that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been received by the Company from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entity(ies) ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and

(c) Based on such audit procedures performed as considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the Management representations under sub-clauses (a) and (b) above, contain any material misstatement.

v. The Board of Directors of the Company has not proposed / paid any dividend for the year ended 31 March, 2022, hence, no compliance of Section 123 of the Act was necessary.

3. With respect to the matters to be included in the Auditor's Report under Section 197(16) of the Act, as amended:

In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not paid any remuneration to its directors during the current year. The Ministry of Corporate Affairs has not prescribed other details under section 197(16) of the Act which are required to be commented upon by us.

**For M Choudhury & Co.**

*Chartered Accountants*

Firm Registration No. 302186E

  
**D Choudhury**

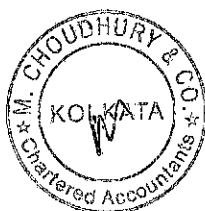
*Partner*

Membership No. 052066

UDIN: 22052066AJVTAD1884

Place: Kolkata

Date: 20 May, 2022



**Annexure A to Independent Auditor's Report**

Referred to in paragraph 1 under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report to the members of ANJANEY MIENRALS LIMITED on the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March, 2022.

- i. (a) (A) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of Property, Plant & Equipment.

(B) The Company does not have any intangible assets. Accordingly, reporting under Clause 3(i)(a)(B) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

(b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has a regular programme of physical verification of its Property, Plant and Equipment by which all property, plant and equipment are verified at reasonable intervals of time. In accordance with this programme, property, plant and equipment were verified during the year. In our opinion, this periodicity of physical verification is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets. No material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.

(c) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the title deeds of immovable properties disclosed in the Financial Statements are held in the name of the Company as at the Balance Sheet date.

(d) The Company has not revalued its Property, Plant and Equipment during the year. Accordingly, reporting under Clause 3(i)(d) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

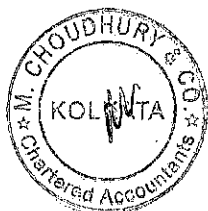
(e) Based on the information and explanations given to us, no proceedings have been initiated on or are pending against the Company for holding benami property under the Prohibition of Benami Property Transactions Act, 1988 (as amended in 2016) (formerly the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988)) and Rules made thereunder, and therefore the question of our commenting on whether the Company has appropriately disclosed the details in its Financial Statements does not arise.

- ii. (a) The Company does not have any inventory. Accordingly, reporting under Clause 3(ii)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

(b) The Company has not been sanctioned any working capital limits in excess of ₹ 5 crore, in aggregate, at any point of time during the year, from banks and financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets. Accordingly, reporting under Clause 3(ii)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

- iii. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, during the year, the Company has not provided any guarantee or security or granted any advances in the nature of loans, secured or unsecured, to companies, firms, limited liability partnership or any other parties during the year. The Company has made investments in mutual funds and granted unsecured loans to firms, in respect of which the requisite information is as below. The Company has not made any investments in or granted any loans, secured or unsecured, to companies, limited liability partnership and other parties.

(a) Based on the audit procedures carried on by us and as per the information and explanations given to us, the Company has provided loans to any other entity as below:



**Annexure A to Independent Auditor's Report**

Referred to in paragraph 1 under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report to the members of ANJANEY MIENRALS LIMITED on the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March, 2022.

Particulars	Loans (Rs. in thousands)
Aggregate amount during the year	
- Subsidiaries	-
- Joint Ventures	-
- Associates	-
- Others*	248.91
Balance outstanding as on 31 March, 2022 with respect to above cases	
- Subsidiaries	-
- Joint Ventures	-
- Associates	-
- Others*	3,314.71

\*The above amounts are included in Note 9 to the Financial Statements.

(b) According to the information and explanations given to us, in our opinion, the investments made and the terms and conditions of the grant of loans, during the year are, prima facie, not prejudicial to the Company's interest.

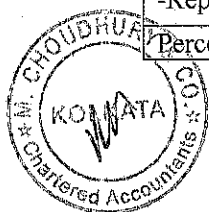
(c) The Company has granted unsecured loan aggregating to Rs. 248.91 thousand to a firm that is payable on demand and where no schedule of repayment of principal and payment of interest has been stipulated. In the absence of stipulation of repayment / payment terms, we are unable to comment on the regularity of repayment of principal and payment of interest. There are no advances in the nature of loan.

(d) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, there is no overdue amount for more than ninety days in respect of unsecured loan given. Further, the Company has not given any advances in the nature of loans to any party during the year.

(e) As stated in point (c) above, the Company has granted an unsecured loan that is payable on demand where no schedule of repayment of principal and payment of interest has been stipulated. In the absence of stipulation of repayment / payment terms, we are unable to comment whether such loan have fallen due during the year. Further, no loan granted by the Company have been renewed or extended or fresh loans granted to settle the overdue of existing loan given to the same parties. The Company has not given any advances in the nature of loans to any party.

(f) The Company has granted an unsecured loan which are repayable on demand as per details below:

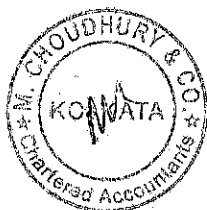
Particulars	Total Loans	Promoters	Related Parties
Aggregate of loans granted (Rs in thousands): -			
-Repayable on Demand	248.91	-	-
Percentage of loans above to the total loans		-	-



**Annexure A to Independent Auditor's Report**

Referred to in paragraph 1 under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report to the members of ANJANEY MIENRALS LIMITED on the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March, 2022.

- iv. According to the information and explanation given to us and based on the audit procedures conducted by us, the Company has neither granted any loans or made investments nor provided guarantees or securities as specified under Section 185 and Section 186 of the Act. Accordingly, reporting under Clause 3(iv) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- v. The Company has not accepted any deposits or amounts which are deemed to be deposits within the meaning of Sections 73, 74, 75 and 76 of the Act and the Rules framed there under to the extent notified. Accordingly, reporting under Clause 3(v) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- vi. The Central Government has not prescribed the maintenance of cost records under sub-section (1) section 148 of the Act for the business activities carried out by the Company. Accordingly, reporting under Clause 3(vi) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- vii. (a) In our opinion, the Company is generally regular in depositing the undisputed statutory dues including Income Tax, Goods and Service Tax and other statutory dues as applicable, to the appropriate authorities. There were no undisputed amounts payable in respect of the aforesaid statutory dues in arrears as at 31 March, 2022 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.  
  
(b) According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no statutory dues including Income Tax, Goods and Service Tax and other statutory dues that have not been deposited with the appropriate authorities on account of any dispute.
- viii. According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, there are no transactions in the books of account that have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961, that have not been recorded in the books of account.
- ix. (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, the Company did not have any loans or borrowings from any lender during the year. Accordingly, reporting under Clause 3(ix)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.  
  
(b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not been declared a wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or government authority.  
  
(c) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not taken any term loans from any lender. Accordingly, reporting under Clause 3(ix)(c) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.  
  
(d) According to the information and explanations given to us and on an overall examination of the balance sheet of the Company, no funds were raised on short-term basis by the Company. Accordingly, reporting under Clause 3(ix)(d) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.  
  
(e) During the year ended 31 March, 2022, the Company did not have any subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures as defined under the Act. Accordingly, reporting under Clause 3(ix)(e) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.



**Annexure A to Independent Auditor's Report**

Referred to in paragraph 1 under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report to the members of ANJANEY MIENRALS LIMITED on the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March, 2022.

(f) During the year ended 31 March 2022, the Company did not have any subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures as defined under the Act. Accordingly, reporting under Clause 3(ix)(f) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

x. (a) The Company has not raised moneys by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) during the year. Accordingly, reporting under Clause 3(x)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

(b) The Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partially or optionally convertible debentures during the year. Accordingly, reporting under Clause 3(x)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

xi. (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practices in India, we have neither come across any instance of fraud by the Company or on the Company, noticed or reported during the year, nor have we been informed of any such case by the Management.

(b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practices in India, a report under Section 143(12) of the Act, in Form ADT-4, as prescribed under Rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 was not required to be filed by us with the Central Government, during the year and upto the date of this Report. Accordingly, reporting under Clause 3(x)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

(c) According to the information and explanations given to us, there were no whistle blower complaints received during the year by the Company.

xii. As the Company is not a Nidhi Company and the Nidhi Rules, 2014 are not applicable to it, the reporting under Clause 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

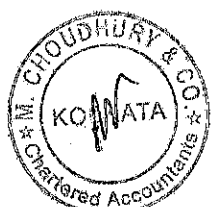
xiii. The provisions of section 177 of the Act are not applicable to the Company. All the transactions with the related parties are in compliance with Section 188 of the Act, where applicable, and the details of the related party transactions have been disclosed in the notes to the Financial Statements as required by the applicable Accounting Standards.

xiv. The Company does not have an internal audit system and no internal audit was undertaken during the year. Accordingly, reporting under Clause 3(xiv) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

xv. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its Directors or persons connected with them. Accordingly, reporting on compliance with the provisions of Section 192 of the Act under Clause 3(xv) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

xvi. (a) The Company is not required to be registered under Section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Accordingly, reporting under Clause 3(xvi)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

(b) The Company has not conducted any non-banking financial / housing finance activities during the year. Accordingly, reporting under Clause 3(xvi)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.





**Annexure A to Independent Auditor's Report**

Referred to in paragraph 1 under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report to the members of ANJANEY MIENRALS LIMITED on the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March, 2022.

(c) The Company is not a Core Investment Company (CIC) as defined in the regulations made by the Reserve Bank of India. Accordingly, reporting under Clause 3(xvi)(c) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

(d) According to the information and explanations provided to us during the course of audit, the Group (as per the provisions of the Core Investment Companies (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016) does not have any CIC.

xvii. The Company has incurred cash losses during the current financial year aggregating to Rs. 9,535.59 thousand. The Company has not incurred any cash losses during the immediately preceding financial year.

xviii. There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors during the year. Accordingly, reporting under Clause 3(xviii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

xix. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realization of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the Financial Statements, our knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that the Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of Balance Sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the Balance Sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all the liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the Balance Sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.

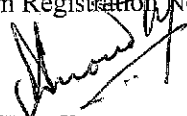
xx. According to the information & explanation given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, the provisions of section 135 of the Act are not applicable on the Company. Accordingly, reporting under Clause 3(xx) (a & b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

xxi. During the year ended 31 March, 2022, the Company did not have any subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures as defined under the Act. Accordingly, reporting under Clause 3(xxi) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

For **M Choudhury & Co.**

*Chartered Accountants*

Firm Registration No. 302186E



**D Choudhury**

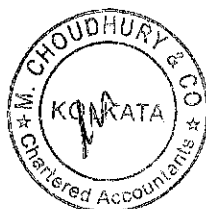
*Partner*

Membership No. 052066

UDIN: 22052066AJVTAD1884

Place: Kolkata

Date: 20 May, 2022



**ANJANEY MINERALS LIMITED**  
**Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2022**

(Rs. In Thousand)

Particulars	Notes	As At 31 March 2022	As At 31 March 2021
<b>ASSETS</b>			
<b>(1) Non-Current Assets</b>			
(a) Property, Plant and Equipment	4	29,672.58	56,724.50
(c) Non Current Tax Assets (Net)	5	305.29	40.55
<b>Total Non-Current Assets</b>		<b>29,977.87</b>	<b>56,765.05</b>
<b>(2) Current Assets</b>			
(a) Financial Assets			
(i) Investments	6	23,630.96	24,037.06
(ii) Cash and Cash Equivalents	7	4,081.77	1,551.95
(iii) Other Bank Balances (other than (ii) above)	8	3,795.14	3,741.55
(iv) Loans	9	3,314.71	3,065.80
(v) Other Financial Assets	10	210.54	85.94
(b) Other current assets	11	-	7,500.00
<b>Total Current Assets</b>		<b>35,033.12</b>	<b>39,982.30</b>
<b>Total Assets</b>		<b>65,010.99</b>	<b>96,747.35</b>
<b>EQUITY AND LIABILITIES</b>			
<b>Equity</b>			
(a) Equity Share Capital	12	1,10,000.00	1,10,000.00
(b) Other Equity	13	(45,391.45)	(35,855.86)
<b>Total Equity</b>		<b>64,608.55</b>	<b>74,144.14</b>
<b>Liabilities</b>			
<b>(1) Non-Current Liabilities</b>			
(a) Deferred Tax Liabilities (Net)	14	325.89	538.47
<b>Total Non-Current Liabilities</b>		<b>325.89</b>	<b>538.47</b>
<b>(2) Current Liabilities</b>			
(a) Financial Liabilities			
(i) Other Financial Liabilities	15	-	61.93
(b) Current Tax Liabilities (Net)	16	0.35	0.35
(c) Other Current Liabilities	17	76.20	22,002.46
<b>Total Current Liabilities</b>		<b>76.55</b>	<b>22,064.74</b>
<b>Total Liabilities</b>		<b>402.44</b>	<b>22,603.21</b>
<b>Total Equity and Liabilities</b>		<b>65,010.99</b>	<b>96,747.35</b>

The accompanying notes 1 to 29 are an integral part of the financial statements.

In terms of our report attached

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

For M Choudhury & Co.

Chartered Accountants

FRN.: 302186E

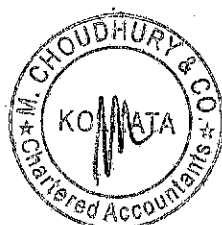
D Choudhury

Partner

Membership No.: 052066

Place: Kolkata

Date: 20 May 2022



*Shankar Lal Agarwalla*

Shankar Lal Agarwalla

Director & Chief Executive Officer

DIN: 00339897

*Sudhanshu Agarwalla*

Sudhanshu Agarwalla

Director & Chief Financial Officer

DIN: 00339679

*Anamika Gupta*

Anamika Gupta

Company Secretary

**ANJANEY MINERALS LIMITED**
**Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31 March 2022**

(Rs. In Thousand)

Particulars	Notes	Year Ended 31 March 2022	Year Ended 31 March 2021
<b>Income</b>			
Other Income	18	1,549.49	1,325.09
<b>Total Income</b>		<b>1,549.49</b>	<b>1,325.09</b>
<b>Expenses</b>			
Employee Benefits Expenses	19	240.00	240.00
Other Expenses	20	11,057.66	62.07
<b>Total Expenses</b>		<b>11,297.66</b>	<b>302.07</b>
<b>Profit/ (Loss) Before Tax</b>		<b>(9,748.17)</b>	<b>1,023.02</b>
<b>Tax Expenses</b>			
(a) Current Tax	22	-	(280.03)
(b) Deferred Tax	22	(212.58)	74.79
<b>Total Tax Expenses</b>		<b>(212.58)</b>	<b>(205.24)</b>
<b>Profit/ (Loss) for the year</b>		<b>(9,535.59)</b>	<b>1,228.26</b>
<b>Total Comprehensive Income for the year</b>		<b>(9,535.59)</b>	<b>1,228.26</b>
<b>Earnings Per Share</b>			
(1) Basic (in Rs.)	21	(0.87)	0.11
(2) Diluted (in Rs.)	21	(0.87)	0.11

The accompanying notes 1 to 29 are an integral part of the financial statements.

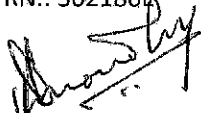
In terms of our report attached

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

For M Choudhury &amp; Co.

Chartered Accountants

FRN.: 302186E



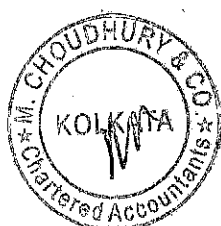
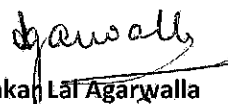
D Choudhury

Partner

Membership No.: 052066

Place: Kolkata

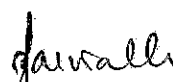
Date: 20 May 2022

Shankar Lal Agarwalla

Director &amp; Chief Executive Officer

DIN: 00339897



Sudhanshu Agarwalla

Director &amp; Chief Financial Officer

DIN: 00339679



Anamika Gupta

Company Secretary

## ANJANEY MINERALS LIMITED

## Cash Flow Statement for the year ended 31 March 2022

(Rs. In Thousand)

Particulars	Year Ended 31 March 2022	Year Ended 31 March 2021
<b>A. CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>		
Profit/Loss before tax	(9,748.17)	1,023.02
Adjusted for :		
Interest Income	(448.69)	(287.50)
Profit on Investment	(1,093.90)	(952.49)
Dividend Received	(6.90)	(85.10)
Loss / (Profit) on Sale of Property, Plant and Equipment	10,764.82	-
	9,215.33	(1,325.09)
<b>Operating Profit before Working Capital Changes</b>	<b>(532.84)</b>	<b>(302.07)</b>
Adjusted for :		
Loans (Current)	(248.91)	(3,065.80)
Capital Advance	7,500.00	-
Other Payables	(21,988.18)	9,502.21
	(14,737.09)	6,436.41
<b>Cash Generated from Operations</b>	<b>(15,269.93)</b>	<b>6,134.34</b>
Income Tax Paid	264.74	15.62
	264.74	15.62
<b>NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES (A)</b>	<b>(15,534.67)</b>	<b>6,118.72</b>
<b>B. CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES</b>		
(Purchase)/ Sale of Property, Plant and Equipment	16,287.09	-
(Purchase)/ Sale of Investment	1,500.00	(5,999.92)
Dividend Received	6.90	85.10
Interest Income Received	324.09	453.81
Investments in Fixed Deposits	(53.59)	(371.43)
<b>NET CASH USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES (B)</b>	<b>18,064.49</b>	<b>(5,832.44)</b>
<b>C. CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES</b>		
<b>NET CASH USED IN FINANCING ACTIVITIES (C)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
Net Increase/(Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents (A+B+C)	2,529.82	286.28
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the beginning of the year	1,551.95	1,265.67
<b>Cash and Cash Equivalents at the end of the year</b>	<b>4,081.77</b>	<b>1,551.95</b>

Note: The above Cash Flow Statement has been prepared under the "Indirect Method" as set out in the Indian Accounting Standard

The accompanying notes 1 to 29 are an integral part of the financial statements.

In terms of our report attached

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

For M Choudhury & Co.

Chartered Accountants

FRN.: 302186E

D Choudhury

Partner

Membership No.: 052066

Place: Kolkata

Date: 20 May 2022

Shankar Lal Agarwalla  
Director & Chief Executive Officer  
DIN: 00339897

Sudhanshu Agarwalla Anamika Gupta  
Director & Chief Financial Officer Company Secretary  
DIN: 00339679



**ANJANEY MINERALS LIMITED****Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 31 March 2022****a. Equity Share Capital**

(Rs. In Thousand)

Particulars	Note	Amount
<b>Equity Shares of Rs. 10 each Issued, Subscribed and Fully Paid</b>		
As At 1 April 2020		1,10,000.00
Issue of share capital	12	-
As At 31 March 2021		1,10,000.00
Issue of share capital		-
<b>As At 31 March 2022</b>		<b>1,10,000.00</b>

**b. Other Equity**

Particulars	Retained Earnings	Total
As At 1 April 2020	(37,084.12)	(37,084.12)
Profit/ (Loss) for the year	1,228.26	1,228.26
As At 31 March 2021	(35,855.86)	(35,855.86)
Profit/ (Loss) for the year	(9,535.59)	(9,535.59)
<b>As At 31 March 2022</b>	<b>(45,391.45)</b>	<b>(45,391.45)</b>

The accompanying notes 1 to 29 are an integral part of the financial statements.  
In terms of our report attached

**For and on behalf of the Board of Directors****For M Choudhury & Co.**

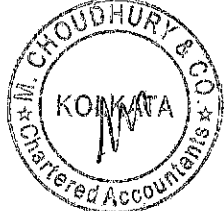
Chartered Accountants

FRN.: 302186E

**D Choudhury**

Partner

Membership No.: 052066

**Place: Kolkata****Date: 20 May 2022**

*Shankar Lal Agarwalla*  
**Shankar Lal Agarwalla**  
Director & Chief Executive Officer  
DIN: 00339897

*Sudhanshu Agarwalla*  
**Sudhanshu Agarwalla**  
Director & Chief Financial Officer  
DIN: 00339679

*Anamika Gupta*  
**Anamika Gupta**  
Company Secretary

# ANJANEY MINERALS LIMITED

## Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2022

### 1. Corporate Information

Anjaney Minerals Limited (the 'Company') was incorporated on 22 October 2008 for export, import, produce, process, sell, buy, distribute and deal in metal and/or minerals.

### 2. Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements

#### a. Statement of Compliance

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under section 133 read with Rule 4A of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2016, as amended, and other provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act").

#### b. Basis of Measurement

These financial statements have been prepared to comply with the Generally Accepted Accounting Principles in India (Indian GAAP), including the Accounting Standards notified under the relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.

The financial statements have been prepared on historical cost convention and on an accrual method of accounting, except for certain financial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value/ amortised cost. (Refer note 3(b) below). The accounting policies are consistently followed by the Company.

#### c. Use of Estimates and Judgments

The estimates and judgments used in the preparation of the financial statements are continuously evaluated by the Company and are based on historical experience and various other assumptions and factors (including expectations of future events) that the Company believes to be reasonable under the existing circumstances. Actual results may differ from these estimates. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revision to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimates are revised and in any future periods affected.

The said estimates are based on the facts and events, that existed as at the reporting date, or that occurred after that date but provide additional evidence about conditions existing as at the reporting date.

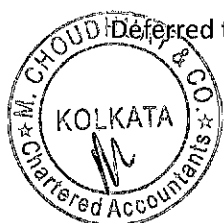
#### d. Functional Currency and Presentation Currency

The functional and presentation currency of the Company is Indian Rupees.

#### e. Current and Non-Current Classification

All assets and liabilities have been classified as current or non-current as per the Company's normal operating cycle and other criteria set out in Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013. Based on the nature of products and the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realization in cash and cash equivalents, the Company has ascertained its operating cycle as 12 months for the purpose of current and non-current classification of assets and liabilities

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current only.



# ANJANEY MINERALS LIMITED

## Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2022

### 3. Significant Accounting Policies

#### a. Property, Plant and Equipments

Property, plant and equipment are stated at their cost of acquisition, installation or construction (net of Cenvat credit and other recoverable, wherever applicable) less accumulated depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses, if any, except freehold land which is carried at cost.

The cost of property, plant and equipment comprises its purchase price, including inward freight, import duties and non-refundable purchase taxes, and any cost directly attributable to bringing the asset to working condition and location for its intended use. Stores and spare parts are capitalised when they meet the definition of property, plant and equipment.

If significant parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful life, then they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment. Likewise, expenditure towards major inspections and overhauls are identified as a separate component and depreciated over the expected period till the next overhaul expenditure.

#### b. Financial Instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

##### (i) Financial Assets -

###### ➤ Recognition And Initial Measurement

All financial assets are recognised initially at fair value plus, in the case of financial assets not recorded at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

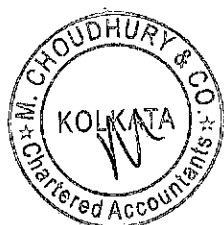
###### ➤ Classification and Subsequent Measurement

For purposes of subsequent measurement, financial assets are classified in four categories:

- Debt Instruments at Amortized Cost;
- Debt Instruments at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income (FVOCI);
- Debt Instruments at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss (FVTPL); and
- Equity Instruments measured at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income (FVOCI).

Financial assets are not reclassified subsequent to their initial recognition, except if and in the period the Company changes its business model for managing financial assets.

- *Debt Instruments at Amortized Cost:* A debt instrument is measured at the amortized cost if both the following conditions are met:



# ANJANEY MINERALS LIMITED

## Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2022

- The asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets for collecting contractual cash flows; and
- The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding.

After initial measurement, such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method.

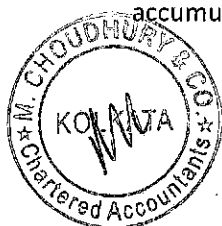
- *Debt Instruments at FVOCI:* A debt instrument is measured at the FVOCI if both of the following conditions are met:
  - The objective of the business model is achieved by collecting contractual cash flows and selling the financial assets; and
  - The asset's contractual cash flows represent SPPI.

Debt instruments meeting these criteria are measured initially at fair value plus transaction costs. They are subsequently measured at fair value with any gains or losses arising on remeasurement recognized in other comprehensive income. However, the interest income, losses & reversals, and foreign exchange gains and losses are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss. Interest calculated using the EIR (Effective Rate Interest) method is recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss as investment income.

- *Measured at FVTPL:* FVTPL is a residual category for debt instruments. Any debt instrument, which does not meet the criteria for categorization as at amortized cost or as FVOCI, is classified as FVTPL. In addition, the Company may elect to designate a debt instrument, which otherwise meets amortized cost or FVOCI criteria, as at FVTPL. Debt instruments included within the FVTPL category are measured at fair value with all changes recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

*Equity Instruments Measured at FVOCI:* All equity investments in scope of Ind AS – 109 are measured at fair value. Equity instruments which are, held for trading are classified as at FVTPL. For all other equity instruments, the Company may make an irrevocable election to present in OCI subsequent changes in the fair value. The Company makes such election on an instrument-by-instrument basis. The classification is made on initial recognition and is irrevocable. In case the Company decides to classify an equity instrument as at FVOCI, then all fair value changes on the instrument are recognized in the OCI. There is no reclassification of the amounts from OCI to profit or loss, even on sale of investment. Dividends on investments are credited to profit or loss.

- *Equity Investments:* Investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures are carried at cost less accumulated impairment, if any.





# ANJANEY MINERALS LIMITED

## Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2022

### ➤ *Derecognition*

The Company derecognizes a financial asset on trade date only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity.

### ➤ *Impairment of Financial Assets*

The Company assesses at the end of the reporting period whether a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired. Ind AS – 109 requires expected credit losses to be measured through a loss allowance. The Company recognises lifetime expected losses for all contract assets and/ or all trade receivables that do not constitute a financing transaction. For all other financial assets, expected credit losses are measured at an amount equal to the 12 month expected credit losses or at an amount equal to the life time expected credit losses if the credit risk on the financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition.

## (ii) **Financial Liabilities**

### ➤ *Recognition and Initial Measurement*

Financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of financial liabilities at amortised cost, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

The Company's financial liabilities include trade and other payables and borrowings including bank overdrafts and derivative financial instruments.

### ➤ *Subsequent Measurement*

Financial liabilities are measured subsequently at amortized cost or FVTPL.

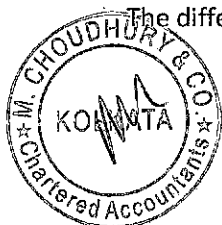
A financial liability is classified as FVTPL if it is classified as held for-trading, or it is a derivative or it is designated as such on initial recognition. Financial liabilities at FVTPL are measured at fair value and net gains and losses, including any interest expense, are recognized in profit or loss.

After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR (Effective Rate Interest) method. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the EIR (Effective Rate Interest) amortisation process. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included as finance costs in profit or loss.

### ➤ *Derecognition*

A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability.

The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the statement of profit and loss.



# ANJANEY MINERALS LIMITED

## Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2022

### ➤ Offsetting Financial Instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the Balance Sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. The legally enforceable right must not be contingent on future events and must be enforceable in the normal course of business and in the event of default, insolvency or bankruptcy of the counterparty.

### c. Revenue Recognition

Revenues are measured at fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of returns and discounts to customers. Revenue from the sale of goods includes duties which the Company pays as a principal but excludes amounts collected on behalf of third parties.

- a) Interest income is recognized proportionately on time proportion basis using the effective interest rate method.
- b) For all financial instruments measured at amortised cost, interest income is recorded using the effective interest rate (EIR), which is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash payments or receipts through the expected life of the financial instrument to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset.
- c) Dividend Income is recognised only when the right to receive payment is established, provided it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the Company, and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably.

### d. Employee Benefits

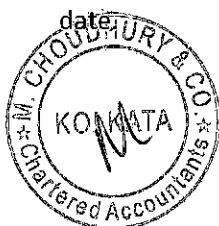
The undiscounted amount of short-term employee benefits expected to be paid in exchange for the services rendered by the employees are recognized as an expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss during the period in which the employee renders the related service.

### e. Tax Expense

Income tax expense represents the sum of current tax and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised directly in equity or other comprehensive income.

#### a) Current Tax

The current tax is based on taxable profit for the year under the Income Tax Act, 1961. Current tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities, based on tax rates and laws that are enacted or substantively enacted at the Balance Sheet



# ANJANEY MINERALS LIMITED

## Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2022

### b) Deferred Tax

Deferred tax is recognized on all temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the Company's financial statements except when the deferred tax arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and affects neither the accounting nor taxable profits or loss at the time of transaction. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the Balance Sheet date.

Deferred tax assets are recognized for deductible temporary differences, the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses to the extent it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the deductible temporary difference, the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilised.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and is adjusted to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the Company intends to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

### f. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For the purpose of presentation in the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalent includes cash on hand, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of Cash, Cash at Bank, and Bank overdraft and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities in the Balance Sheet.

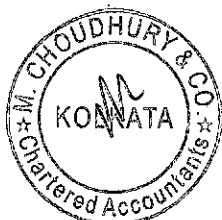
### g. Cash Flow Statement

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby profit before tax is adjusted for the effects of transactions of a non-cash nature, any deferrals or accruals of past or future operating cash receipts or payments and item of income or expenses associated with investing or financing cash flows. The cash flows are segregated into operating, investing and financing activities.

### h. Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets

#### *Provisions*

Provisions are recognized when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive), as a result of a past events, and it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle such an obligation and the amount can be estimated reliably. If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows to net present value using an appropriate pre-tax discount rate.



# ANJANEY MINERALS LIMITED

## Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2022

### *Contingent Liability*

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events whose existence will be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events beyond the control of the Company or a present obligation that arises from past events where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle or a reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made. Contingent Liabilities are not recognized but disclosed in the financial statements when the possibility of an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits is more.

### *Contingent Asset*

Contingent assets are not recognized but disclosed in the financial statements when an inflow of economic benefits is probable.

### **i. Earnings Per Share**

The Company presents basic and diluted earnings per share (EPS) for its equity shares.

Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to equity shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year.

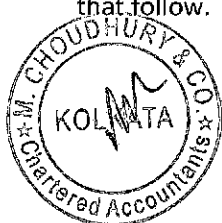
Diluted EPS is determined by adjusting the profit or loss attributable to equity shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

### **j. Critical Accounting Estimates, Assumptions and Judgments**

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income, expenses, and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the results of operations during the reporting period end. Although these estimates are based upon management's best knowledge of current events and actions, actual results could differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised and in any future periods affected.

The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed in the paragraphs that follow.



# ANJANEY MINERALS LIMITED

## Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2022

### (i) *Contingencies and Commitments*

In the normal course of business, contingent liabilities may arise from litigation, taxation and other claims against the Company. Where an outflow of funds is believed to be probable and a reliable estimate of the outcome of the dispute can be made based on management's assessment of specific circumstances of each dispute and relevant external advice, management provides for its best estimate of the liability. Such liabilities are disclosed in the notes but are not provided for in the financial statements.

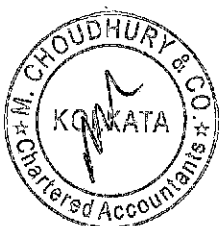
Although there can be no assurance regarding the final outcome of the legal proceedings, the Company does not expect them to have a materially adverse impact on the Company's financial position or profitability.

### (ii) *Fair Value Measurements and Valuation Processes*

Some of the Company's assets and liabilities are measured at fair value for financial reporting purposes. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Company uses market-observable data to the extent it is available. Where Level 1 inputs are not available, the Company engages third party valuers, where required, to perform the valuation. Information about the valuation techniques and inputs used in determining the fair value of various assets and liabilities are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

### (iii) *Recognition of Deferred Tax Assets for Carried Forward Tax Losses and Unused Tax Credit*

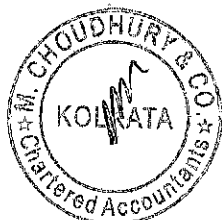
The extent to which deferred tax assets can be recognised is based on an assessment of the probability of the Company's future taxable income against which the deferred tax assets can be utilised. In addition, significant judgement is required in assessing the impact of any legal or economic limits.



**ANJANEY MINERALS LIMITED****Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2022****(4) Property, Plant and Equipment****(Rs. In Thousand)**

<b>Particulars</b>	<b>Freehold Land</b>
<i>Gross Carrying Value</i>	
As At 1 April 2020	56,724.50
Additions	-
Sale/Deduction	-
As At 31 March 2021	56,724.50
Additions	9,908.12
Sale/Deduction	36,960.04
<b>As At 31 March 2022</b>	<b>29,672.58</b>
<i>Accumulated Depreciation</i>	
As At 1 April 2020	-
Charge for the year	-
Sale/Deduction	-
As At 31 March 2021	-
Charge for the year	-
Sale/Deduction	-
<b>As At 31 March 2022</b>	<b>-</b>
<i>Net Block</i>	
<b>As At 31 March 2022</b>	<b>29,672.58</b>
As At 31 March 2021	56,724.50

(4.1) : The Company has not revalued any of its Property during this year.



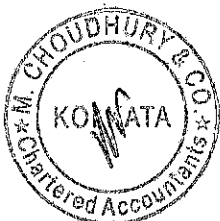
**ANJANEY MINERALS LIMITED**
**Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2022**

(Rs. In Thousand)

(5) Non Current Tax Assets (Net)	As At 31 March 2022	As At 31 March 2021
Advance Tax (Net of Provision)	305.29	40.55
	<b>305.29</b>	<b>40.55</b>
(6) Investments	As At 31 March 2022	As At 31 March 2021
<div> <div></div> <div>No. of Units</div> </div> <div> <div>Investments in Units of Mutual Funds - FVTPL</div> <div>31 March 2022    31 March 2021</div> <div>SBI Short Term Debt Fund - Regular Plan - Growth</div> <div>Nippon India Arbitrage Fund - Direct Plan Growth Option</div> </div>	<div></div> <div></div> <div>4,488.28</div> <div>19,142.68</div> <div><b>23,630.96</b></div>	<div></div> <div></div> <div>9,665.56</div> <div>14,371.50</div> <div><b>24,037.06</b></div>
(7) Cash and Cash Equivalents	As At 31 March 2022	As At 31 March 2021
Cash on Hand Balance with Banks	173.20 3,908.57 <b>4,081.77</b>	186.75 1,365.20 <b>1,551.95</b>
(8) Other Bank Balances (other than note 8 above)	As At 31 March 2022	As At 31 March 2021
Bank Deposits with maturity of more than 3 months and up to 12 months Bank Deposits with maturity of more than 12 months	- 3,795.14 <b>3,795.14</b>	1,120.22 2,621.33 <b>3,741.55</b>
(9) Loans - Current	As At 31 March 2022	As At 31 March 2021
Unsecured, Considered Doubtful Others Less: Provision	35,414.71 (32,100.00) <b>3,314.71</b>	35,165.80 (32,100.00) <b>3,065.80</b>
(10) Other Current Financial Assets	As At 31 March 2022	As At 31 March 2021
Interest Accrued on Bank Deposits	210.54 <b>210.54</b>	85.94 <b>85.94</b>
(11) Other Current Assets	As At 31 March 2022	As At 31 March 2021
Advance against land (Refer note no. 27)	- <b>-</b>	7,500.00 <b>7,500.00</b>

**Notes:**

a) No advances are due by directors or other officers of the Group or any of them either severally or jointly with any other person. Further, no advances are due by firms or private companies in which any director is a partner, a director or member.



**ANJANEY MINERALS LIMITED**
**Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2022**
**(12) Share Capital**

(Rs. In Thousand)

Particulars	As At 31 March 2022		As At 31 March 2021	
	Nos.	Amount	Nos.	Amount
<b>Authorised Share Capital</b>				
Equity shares of Rs. 10/- each	1,10,00,000	1,10,000.00	1,10,00,000	1,10,000.00
<b>Issued, Subscribed and Paid-up Share Capital</b>				
Equity shares of Rs. 10/- each	1,10,00,000	1,10,000.00	1,10,00,000	1,10,000.00

**a) Rights, Preferences and Restrictions attached to Equity Shares**

The Company has only one class of equity share having a face value of Rs. 10/- per share with one vote per equity share. The dividend proposed by board of directors is subject to approval of the shareholders in the ensuing annual general meeting, except in case of interim dividend. In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company, after settling of all outside liabilities. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

**b) Shares held by Holding Company**

Name of shareholders	As At 31 March 2022		As At 31 March 2021	
	Nos.	% of holding	Nos.	% of holding
Maithan Alloys Ltd.*	1,10,00,000	100.00%	1,10,00,000	100.00%

\* Including 06 Shares held by its Nominees.

**c) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Company**

Name of shareholders	As At 31 March 2022		As At 31 March 2021	
	Nos.	% of holding	Nos.	% of holding
Maithan Alloys Ltd.	1,10,00,000	100.00%	1,10,00,000	100.00%

**d) Share Holding Of Promoters**

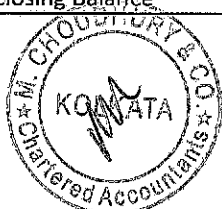
As At 31 March 2022				% Change during the Year
Sl. No.	Promoter Name	No. of Shares	% of Total Shares	
1	Maithan Alloys Ltd.	1,10,00,000	100%	0%
		<b>1,10,00,000</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>0%</b>

As At 31 March 2021				% Change during the Year
Sl. No.	Promoter Name	No. of Shares	% of Total Shares	
1	Maithan Alloys Ltd.	1,10,00,000	100%	0%
		<b>1,10,00,000</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>0%</b>

(12.1) As per records of the company, including its register of shareholders/members and other declaration received from shareholders regarding beneficial interest, the above shareholding represent both legal and beneficial ownership.

**(13) Other Equity**

Particulars	As At 31 March 2022	As At 31 March 2021
<b>Retained Earnings:</b>		
Opening Balance	(35,855.86)	(37,084.12)
Add: Profit/ (Loss) for the year	(9,535.59)	1,228.26
Closing Balance	<b>(45,391.45)</b>	<b>(35,855.86)</b>





**ANJANEY MINERALS LIMITED****Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2022**

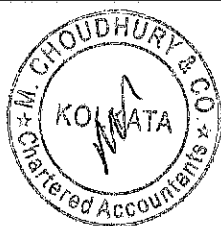
(Rs. In Thousand)

<b>(14) Deferred Tax Liabilities (Net)</b>	<b>As At 31 March 2022</b>	<b>As At 31 March 2021</b>
Deferred Tax Liabilities		
- Fair Value Gain on Investments	325.89	538.47
	<b>325.89</b>	<b>538.47</b>

<b>(15) Other Current Financial Liabilities</b>	<b>As At 31 March 2022</b>	<b>As At 31 March 2021</b>
Others		
- Employee Dues	-	19.87
- Liability for Expenses	-	42.06
	<b>-</b>	<b>61.93</b>

<b>(16) Current Tax Liabilities (Net)</b>	<b>As At 31 March 2022</b>	<b>As At 31 March 2021</b>
Provision for Tax (Net of Advance Tax)	0.35	0.35
	<b>0.35</b>	<b>0.35</b>

<b>(17) Other Current Liabilities</b>	<b>As At 31 March 2022</b>	<b>As At 31 March 2021</b>
Statutory Dues	0.13	2.47
Others Payable	76.07	21,999.99
	<b>76.20</b>	<b>22,002.46</b>



**ANJANEY MINERALS LIMITED****Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2022**

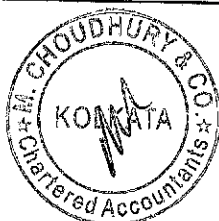
(Rs. In Thousand)

<b>(18) Other Income</b>	<b>Year Ended 31 March 2022</b>	<b>Year Ended 31 March 2021</b>
Interest Income	448.69	287.50
Fair Value Gain On Investments Measured At Fair Value	1,093.90	952.49
Dividend Received	6.90	85.10
	<b>1,549.49</b>	<b>1,325.09</b>

<b>(19) Employee Benefits Expense</b>	<b>Year Ended 31 March 2022</b>	<b>Year Ended 31 March 2021</b>
Salaries and Wages	240.00	240.00
	<b>240.00</b>	<b>240.00</b>

<b>(20) Other Expenses</b>	<b>Year Ended 31 March 2022</b>	<b>Year Ended 31 March 2021</b>
Rates and Taxes	4.65	2.50
Bank Commission and Charges	1.07	0.93
Filing Fees	3.10	3.00
Profit/(Loss) Sale of Fixed Assets	10,764.82	-
Brokerage & Comission	200.00	-
Professional Charges	69.86	41.40
Interest	-	-
Auditors Remuneration	-	-
- Statutory Audit Fee	14.16	14.16
Miscellaneous Expenses	-	0.08
	<b>11,057.66</b>	<b>62.07</b>

<b>(21) Earnings Per Share (EPS)</b>	<b>Year Ended 31 March 2022</b>	<b>Year Ended 31 March 2021</b>
i) Profit attributable to ordinary equity holders	(9,535.59)	1,228.26
ii) Weighted average number of equity shares used as denominator for calculating Basic EPS	1,10,00,000	1,10,00,000
iii) Weighted average potential equity shares	-	-
iv) Total weighted average number of equity shares used as denominator for calculating Diluted EPS	1,10,00,000	1,10,00,000
v) Basic Earnings Per Shares (Rs.)	(0.87)	0.11
vi) Diluted Earnings Per Share (Rs.)	(0.87)	0.11
vii) Face Value Per Equity Share (Rs.)	10	10



**ANJANEY MINERALS LIMITED**
**Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2022**

(Rs. In Thousand)

**(22) Tax Expenses**

	Year Ended 31 March 2022	Year Ended 31 March 2021
22.1 Amount Recognised in Profit or loss		
<i>Current Tax:</i>		
Income Tax for the year	-	(280.03)
Charge/(Credit) in respect of Current Tax for Earlier Years	-	(280.03)
<b>Total Current Tax</b>	-	(280.03)
<i>Deferred Tax:</i>		
Origination and Reversal of Temporary Differences	(212.58)	74.79
<b>Total Deferred Tax</b>	(212.58)	74.79
<b>Total Tax Expenses</b>	<b>(212.58)</b>	<b>(205.24)</b>

**22.2 Reconciliation of effective tax rate**

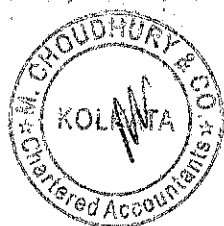
The income tax expense for the year can be reconciled to the accounting profit as follows:

Profit before tax	(9,748.17)	1023.02
Income tax expense calculated @ 25.168% (2020-21: 25.168%)	(2,453.42)	257.47
Expenses disallowed		
Effect of tax relating to expenses allowed on payment basis		
Tax due to Ind AS adjustments		
Effect of income not taxable	(8,075.71)	
Tax at differential rate		(280.03)
Income tax relating to earlier years	(212.58)	74.79
Origination and Reversal of Temporary Differences	10,529.13	(257.47)
Other differences		
<b>Tax expenses</b>	<b>(212.58)</b>	<b>(205.24)</b>
<b>Effective Tax Rate</b>	<b>2.18%</b>	<b>-20.06%</b>

**22.3 Movements in Deferred Tax Liabilities**

The Company has accrued significant amounts of deferred tax. Significant components of Deferred tax liabilities recognized in the Balance Sheet are as follows:

Particulars	Fair Value of Financial Instrument	Total
As At 1 April 2020	463.68	463.68
Charged/ (Credited) to :		
- Profit or loss	74.79	74.79
As At 31 March 2021	538.47	538.47
Charged/ (Credited) to :		
- Profit or loss	(212.58)	(212.58)
<b>As At 31 March 2022</b>	<b>325.89</b>	<b>325.89</b>



**(23) Financial Risk Management**

The Company has a system-based approach to risk management, anchored to policies & procedures and internal financial controls aimed at ensuring early identification, evaluation and management of key financial risks (such as market risk and liquidity risk) that may arise as a consequence of its business operations as well as its investing and financing activities.

Accordingly, the Company's risk management framework has the objective of ensuring that such risks are managed within acceptable and approved risk parameters in a disciplined and consistent manner and in compliance with applicable regulation. It also seeks to drive accountability in this regard. The Company does not have any borrowings. The Company's principal financial assets include Current Investments, Cash and Cash Equivalents and Other Financial Assets.

Risk	Exposure arising from	Measurement	Management
Market Risk – Price Risk	Investments in Equity Securities	Sensitivity analysis	Continuous monitoring the performance of investments
Liquidity Risk	Financial liabilities that are settled by delivering Cash or another Financial Asset.	Cash flow forecasts	Projecting cash flows and considering the level of liquid assets necessary to meet the liabilities

The Board of Directors reviewed policies for managing each of these risks which are summarised below:-

**(a) Market Risk****(i) Price Risk**

Market price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. The Company invests in mutual fund schemes of leading fund houses. Such investments are susceptible to market price risk of the underlying assets, whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual financial instrument or its issuer or by factors affecting all similar financial instruments traded in the market.

**Sensitivity**

The table below summarizes the impact of increases/decreases of the prices on the Company's investment:

(Rs. In Thousand)

Particulars	Impact on Profit before Tax	
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Increase by 5% (2021: 5%)*	1,181.55	1,201.85
Decrease by 5% (2021: 5%)*	(1,181.55)	(1,201.85)

\* Holding all other variables constant

**(b) Liquidity Risk**

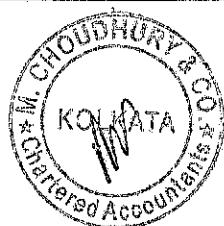
Liquidity risk is the risk that an entity will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities that are settled by delivering Cash or another Financial Asset.

Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and marketable securities. Due to the nature of the underlying business, the Company maintains sufficient cash and liquid investments available to meet its obligation.

Management monitors rolling forecasts of the Company's liquidity position and cash and cash equivalents on the basis of expected cash flows. The management also considers the cash flows projection and level of liquid assets necessary to meet these on a regular basis.

The Company remains committed to maintaining a healthy liquidity, gearing ratio, deleveraging and strengthening the financial position. The maturity profile of the Company's financial liabilities based on the remaining period from the date of Balance Sheet to the contractual maturity date is given in the table below. The figures reflect the contractual undiscounted cash obligation of the Company.

Particulars	Less than 1 year	Between 1 and 2 years	Between 2 and 5 years	> 5 years	Total
<b>As at 31 March 2022</b>					
Other Financial Liabilities	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Total</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>As at 31 March 2021</b>					
Other Financial Liabilities	61.93	-	-	-	61.93
<b>Total</b>	<b>61.93</b>	-	-	-	<b>61.93</b>



## **ANJANEY MINERALS LIMITED**

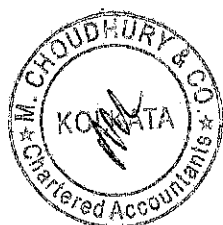
### **Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2022**

#### **(24) Capital Management**

The Company's objectives when managing capital is to safeguard continuity, maintain a strong credit rating and healthy capital ratios in order to support its business and provide adequate return to shareholders through continuing growth. The Company's overall strategy remains unchanged from previous year.

The Company's capital management is intended to create value for shareholders by facilitating the meeting of long-term and short-term goals of the Company. The Company sets the amount of capital required on the basis of annual business and long-term operating plans which include capital and other strategic investments.

The funding requirements are met through a mixture of equity and internal fund generation .The Company monitors capital on the basis of the gearing ratio which is net debt divided by total capital (equity plus net debt) . The Company is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the company may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares .



**ANJANEY MINERALS LIMITED****Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2022****(25) Disclosures on Financial Instruments**

This section explains the judgements and estimates made in determining the fair values of the financial instruments that are (a) recognised and measured at fair value and (b) measured at amortised cost and for which fair values are disclosed in the financial statements.

The details of significant accounting policies, including the criteria for recognition, the basis of measurement and the basis on which income and expenses are recognised, in respect of each class of financial asset, financial liability and equity instrument are disclosed in note 3 to the financial statements.

**Categories of Financial Instruments**

(Rs. In Thousand)

Particulars	Note	As At 31 March 2022	As At 31 March 2021
<b>Financial Assets</b>			
<b>a) Measured at Amortised Cost</b>			
i) Cash and Cash Equivalents	7	4,081.77	1,551.95
ii) Other Bank Balances	8	3,795.14	3,741.55
iii) Other Financial Assets	10	210.54	85.94
Sub-Total		8,087.45	5,379.44
<b>b) Measured at Fair Value through Profit and Loss</b>			
i) Investment in Mutual Fund	6	23,630.96	24,037.06
Sub-Total		23,630.96	24,037.06
<b>Total Financial Assets</b>		<b>31,718.41</b>	<b>29,416.50</b>
<b>Financial Liabilities</b>			
<b>a) Measured at Amortised Cost</b>			
i) Other Financial Liabilities	15	-	61.93
Sub-Total		-	61.93
<b>Total Financial Liabilities</b>		-	<b>61.93</b>

**(i) Fair Value Hierarchy**

This section explains the judgements and estimates made in determining the fair values of the financial instruments that are (a) recognised and measured at fair value and (b) measured at amortised cost and for which fair values are disclosed in the financial statements. To provide an indication about the reliability of the inputs used in determining fair value, the Company has classified its financial instruments into the three levels prescribed under the accounting standard.

Level 1: Level 1 hierarchy includes financial instruments measured using quoted prices.

Level 2: The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market is determined using valuation techniques which maximise the use of observable market data and rely as little as possible on entity-specific estimates. If all significant inputs required to fair value an instrument are observable, the instrument is included in level 2.

Level 3: If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in level 3.

**(ii) Valuation Technique used to determine Fair Value**

Specific valuation techniques used to value financial instruments include:

- the fair value of all assets and liabilities
- the fair value of the financial instruments is determined using discounted cash flow analysis.

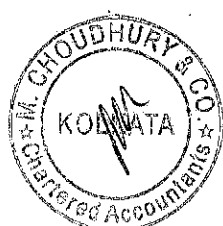
**(iii) Fair value of financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value - recurring fair value measurements**

Particulars	As At 31 March 2022 Level 1	As At 31 March 2021 Level 1
<b>Financial Assets</b>		
Investment in Mutual Funds	23,630.96	24,037.06
<b>Total Financial Assets</b>	<b>23,630.96</b>	<b>24,037.06</b>

The carrying amounts of all other financial assets and financial liabilities are considered to be the same as their fair values, due to their short-term nature.

**(iv) Significant Estimates**

The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market is determined using valuation techniques. The Company uses its judgement to select a variety of methods and make assumptions that are mainly based on market conditions existing at the end of each reporting period. For details of the key assumptions used and the impact of changes to these assumptions see (iii) above.



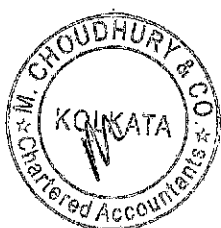
**ANJANEY MINERALS LIMITED**

Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2022

**(26) Financial Ratios**

The ratios as per the latest amendment to Schedule III are as follows:

Sl No.	Ratios	As At 31 March 2022	As At 31 March 2021	% Variance	Reason for Variance for above 25%
(1)	<b>Current ratio</b> (Total current assets/Current liabilities) [Current liabilities: Total current liabilities - Current maturities of non-current borrowings and lease obligations]	457.51	1.81	25148.11%	Settlement Of Current Liability
(2)	<b>Net debt equity ratio</b> (Net debt/Average equity) [Net debt: Non-current borrowings + Current borrowings + Non-current and current lease liabilities - Current investments - Cash and cash equivalents - Other balances with banks (including non-current earmarked balances)] [Equity: Equity share capital + Other equity + Hybrid perpetual securities]	-	-	-	
(3)	<b>Debt service coverage ratio</b> (Earning available for debt service/(Net finance charges + Interest income from group companies + Scheduled principal repayments of non current borrowings and lease obligations (excluding prepayments) during the period)) [Earning available for debt service: PAT + Non cash operating Expenses like depreciation and other amortisation + other adjustment like loss on sale of Fixed Assets + Net finance charges] [Net finance charges: Finance costs (excluding interest on current borrowings) - Interest income - Dividend income from current investments - Net gain/(loss) on sale of current investments]	-	-	-	
(4)	<b>Return on Equity (%)</b> (Profit after tax (PAT)/Average Equity) [Equity: Equity share capital + Other equity + Hybrid perpetual securities]	-14.76%	1.66%	-990.94%	Loss on Sale Of PPE is a one time
(5)	<b>Inventory turnover ratio (in days)</b> (Average Inventory/Sale of products in days)	-	-	-	
(6)	<b>Debtors turnover ratio (in days)</b> (Average trade receivables/Turnover in days) [Turnover: Revenue from operations]	-	-	-	
(7)	<b>Trade payables turnover ratio (in days)</b> (Average Trade Payables/Expenses) [Expenses: Total Expenses - Finance Cost - Depreciation and Amortisation Expense - Employee Benefit Expenses in respect of Retirement Benefits - Other expenses with respect to Royalty, Rates & Taxes, Provision for Doubtful Debts & Advances, Provision for Impairment and Foreign Exchange Gain/Loss]	-	-	-	
(8)	<b>Net capital turnover ratio (in days)</b> (Average working capital/Turnover) [Working capital: Current assets - Current liabilities] [Current liabilities: Total current liabilities - Current maturities of long-term debt and leases] [Turnover: Revenue from operations]	-	-	-	
(9)	<b>Net profit ratio (%)</b> (Net profit after tax/Turnover) [Turnover: Revenue from operations]	0%	0%	-	
(10)	<b>Return on Capital Employed (%)</b> (EBIT/Average capital employed) [Capital Employed: Equity share capital + Other equity + Hybrid perpetual securities + Non current borrowings + Current borrowings + Current maturities of long-term debt and leases + Deferred tax liabilities] [EBIT: Profit before taxes +/- Exceptional items + Net finance charges] [Net finance charges: Finance costs - Interest income - Dividend income from current investments - Net gain/(loss) on sale of current investments]	-17.40%	-0.40%	4201.55%	Loss on Sale Of PPE is a one time
(11)	<b>Return on investment (%)</b> (Interest income on fixed deposit, bonds + dividend income + profit on sale on investments carried at FVTPL + fair valuation gain of investment carried at FVTOCI) / (Current Investment + Non Current Investment + Other bank balances)	5.65%	4.77%	18.44%	



**ANJANEY MINERALS LIMITED**

Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2022

**(27) Related Party Disclosures****a) Name of the Related Parties and Description of Relationship:****I Ultimate Holding Company**

1 Ma Kalyaneshwari Holdings (P) Ltd.

**II Holding Company**

1 Maithan Alloys Ltd.

**III Fellow Subsidiary Companies**

1 AXL Exploration (P) Ltd.

2 Maithan Ferrous (P) Ltd.

3 Salanpur Sinters (P) Ltd.

4 Impex Metal and Ferro Alloys Ltd.

**IV Key Managerial Personnel****Designation**

1 Mr. Shankar Lal Agarwalla Director &amp; Chief Executive Officer

2 Mr. Sudhanshu Agarwalla Director &amp; Chief Financial Officer

3 Mr. Shailendra Kumar Shaw Director

**V Key Managerial Personnel of Holding Company**

1 Mr. S. C. Agarwalla Chairman and Managing Director

2 Mr. Subodh Agarwalla Whole-time Director and Chief Executive Officer

3 Mr. Parasanta Chattopadhyay Non-Executive Director

4 Mr. Srinivas Peddi Non-Executive Director

**VI Enterprises over which Key Managerial Personnel (of Holding Company) are able to exercise significant influence**

1 BMA Foundation

(Rs. In Thousand)

<b>b) Transactions during the year with related parties</b>					
<b>Sl. No.</b>	<b>Types of Transactions</b>	<b>Transaction</b>		<b>Balance</b>	
		<b>2021-22</b>	<b>2020-21</b>	<b>2021-22</b>	<b>2020-21</b>
1	Loan / Advance Received / (Repayment) Holding Company Maithan Alloys Ltd.	161.95	(7,500.00)	-	-

**(28) ADDITIONAL REGULATORY DISCLOSURES AS PER SCHEDULE III OF COMPANIES ACT, 2013**

(i) No proceedings have been initiated or pending against the Company for holding any Benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and the rules made thereunder.

(ii) There are no transactions with the Companies whose name are struck off under Section 248 of The Companies Act, 2013 or Section 560 of the Companies Act, 1956 during the year ended 31 March 2022.

(iii) All applicable cases where registration of charges or satisfaction is required to be filed with Registrar of Companies have been filed. No registration or satisfaction is pending at the year ended 31 March 2022.

(iv) The Company has complied with the number of layers prescribed under clause (87) of Section 2 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Companies (Restriction on number of Layers) Rules, 2017.

(v) The Company has not advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding that the Intermediary shall:

(a) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of

(b) provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the ultimate beneficiary

(vi) The Company has not operated in any crypto currency or Virtual Currency transactions.

(vii) During the year the Company has not disclosed or surrendered, any income other than the income recognised in the books of accounts in the tax assessments under Income Tax Act, 1961.

**(29)** The previous year figures are reclassified where considered necessary to confirm to this year's classification.

The accompanying notes 1 to 29 are an integral part of the financial statements.

In terms of our report attached

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

For M Choudhury &amp; Co.

Chartered Accountants

FRN: 302186E

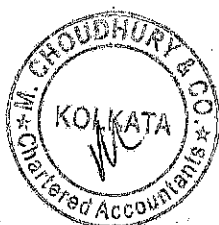
D Choudhury

Partner

Membership No.: 052066

Place: Kolkata

Date: 20 May 2022



Shankar Lal Agarwalla  
Director & Chief Executive Officer  
DIN: 00339897

Sudhanshu Agarwalla  
Director & Chief Financial Officer  
DIN: 00339679

Anamika Gupta  
Company Secretary